

Quarterly report

Munro Global Growth Fund

MAET.ASX

Munro Global Growth Fund & MAET.ASX

March 2024 - Quarterly report

Munro Global Growth Fund Fund quarter return 20.2% MAET.ASX Fund quarter return 20.2%

QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

- The Munro Global Growth Fund and MAET.ASX both returned 20.2% for the March quarter.
- Global markets rallied during the quarter, driven by strong company earnings and guidance above market expectations. Returns broadened away from the narrow leadership of the "Magnificent Seven" towards a wider distribution of gains across different sectors and stocks. Following the Federal Reserve's signalling, the market continued to expect rate cuts this year, which contributed to the bullish sentiment.
- The Funds' performance was driven by strong earnings from a broad range of holdings and Aol's. Top contributors for the quarter included Nvidia and TSMC from our High Performance Computing Aol, Constellation Energy from our Climate Aol and Rheinmetall from our Security Aol.

MUNRO MEDIA

Livewire Listed Series: Nick Griffin's formula for double digit returns (plus 13 stocks Munro is backing for the long-term) 18 March 2024 Read the article here

Area of Interest video: Innovative Health 29 March 2024 Watch the video here

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Fund commentary

The Munro Global Growth Fund returned 20.2% for the March quarter (MAET.ASX 20.2%). The Funds' long positions and, to a lesser extent, currency contributed positively to performance, while hedging and short selling were small detractors over the quarter.

Global markets rallied during the quarter, driven by strong company earnings and guidance above market expectations. Returns broadened away from the narrow leadership of the "Magnificent Seven" towards a wider distribution of gains across different sectors and stocks. Following the Federal Reserve's signals, markets continued to expect rate cuts this year, which contributed to the bullish sentiment.

From a Fund perspective, long positions were strong contributors for the quarter. While Artificial intelligence (AI) was a dominant theme, stock winners came from multiple different AoI's that were tied to this theme. High Performance Computing was the standout, with Nvidia and TSMC being the largest contributors to this AoI. The Climate AoI also contributed to performance, with holdings Constellation Energy and Nextracker benefiting from the increased energy requirement to power new AI data centres. Meta Platforms within the Internet Disruption AoI also saw accelerating revenues as improved recommendation algorithms resulted in increased time spent on the platform. Other holdings that also performed particularly well were Security AoI company Rheinmetall and our leading Innovative Health AoI company EIi Lilly.

Short selling and hedging detracted from performance during the quarter as the market rallied throughout the quarter. Currency was a small positive contributor for the month as the AUD fell for the quarter despite the strong rally in markets. We ended the quarter at approximately 42% hedged back to the Australian dollar.

Market Outlook

Global markets made a strong start to the year, continuing the good momentum coming out of 2023. There is reason to continue to be optimistic throughout 2024 and beyond.

The US Federal Reserve has indicated that the interest rate tightening cycle is over, and whether there are two, three or no rate cuts this year, we believe it doesn't matter. What matters is that the hard work of taming inflation is largely done, and central banks can cut rates from here if needed. In fact, central banks now see themselves in the strongest position they have been in a decade, having seemingly normalised interest rates without collapsing the economy. Consequently, we expect them to be prudent in managing their 500 basis points of economic 'ammunition', ultimately putting themselves in a good position to manage a long and sustained period of future economic growth.

With the interest rate tightening cycle behind us, equities can return to doing what they do best: following their earnings growth. The earnings growth of companies tied to strong secular growth themes has continued to be robust and, in many cases, has started to see acceleration. Over the last quarter, this was most prevalent in how quickly the world is moving to adopt AI. While clearly, we have seen strong moves from stocks tied to the AI theme over the past 12 months, we believe we are still at the very early stages of its evolution with multiple data points to suggest that the adoption of generative AI will create similar large scale winners that the adoption of the internet and mobile internet did in previous cycles. Below we highlight a few key areas where we have invested and some data points that increase our conviction.

Hardware and software. As we have discussed in previous reports (September 2023 MGGF quarterly report), we see the hardware layer as the picks and shovels in the gold rush and should initially see the strongest earnings growth tied to AI. This has proved to be the case with the staggering acceleration in earnings growth from AI semiconductor champion Nvidia (refer to stock story on page 6) and its supply chain. We believe that their growth looks sustainable with capex budgets from public cloud providers such as Amazon Web Services and Microsoft Azure having increased significantly and are likely to continue to rise into 2025 as they invest in enough computing power to be able to host all the future Generative AI applications that will be hitting the market. Microsoft Azure, for example, is expected to invest \$50bn in capex this year, with some analysts suggesting this number could rise to \$60bn next year, which is up from less than \$30bn just two years ago. These companies are investing so heavily that they clearly see the demand coming down the pipeline. Microsoft Azure pointed to 6% of Azure growth coming from AI services in the last quarter, up from 3% in the prior quarter. Much of this growth will come from AI inferencing, that is, the running of AI applications.

These are large numbers when you consider that Microsoft's Office 365 Copilot has seen relative slow take-up to date. Many other applications have only just become generally available and have not seen enterprise adoption yet. The number of companies we have met with many different industries that are rolling out Generative AI products for their customers in the 2nd half of 2024 and into 2025 continues to grow exponentially. While not all these applications will be successful, or work as advertised on day one, it is now clear to us, that the use cases are plentiful and the opportunity for additional revenue growth from these applications is high.

Productivity. Another area of strength that is quietly emerging from the use of Generative AI is productivity enhancements. AirBnB commented that its employees, especially developers, could easily be 30% more productive using tools like GitHub's Copilot in the short to medium term. Privately-held Klarna, the Swedish buy-now-pay-later provider, implemented an AI assistant that now handles the workload equivalent to 700 full-time staff members. These developments could lead to margins expanding more quickly than expected, which we have seen from the likes of Synopsys and Microsoft, or a faster cadence of innovation leading to higher top-line growth.

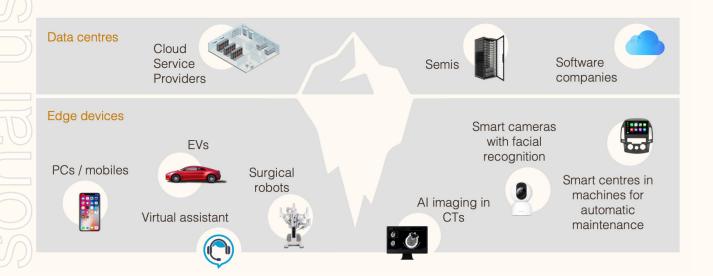
Power demand. Within the Climate AoI, we are finding many opportunities both in renewable energy and energy efficiency plays that have seen a big uptick in demand for their products and services as the world gears up for the increased power consumption that will come from the adoption of AI. Constellation Energy, the independent power producer that owns and operates the largest nuclear fleet in the US, is one such stock that looks particularly attractive to us. Existing nuclear power plants are the US's largest source of base load renewable power and are uniquely positioned to supply the expanding data centre footprint. A small US nuclear generator company recently signed a contract with Amazon to power a new 960MW data centre at a significant \$30/MWh premium (~67%) to the prevailing power price. This highlighted the potential upside in earnings for Constellation Energy as they look to sign long-term contracts with data centre customers to provide carbon-free, baseload generation.

Market Outlook

Al to the Edge. Finally, it is worth highlighting that this should be just the beginning. Soon we expect to see Al driving growth in all our Area's of Interest. Innovative Heath looks like an obvious beneficiary as medical specialities like CT scans and radiology add Al software to cancer detection, surgical robots add Al software to improve patient outcomes, and large pharmaceutical firms use Al models to accelerate drug discovery. Elsewhere large industrial companies will use Al to build more complete digital twins, helping improve productive efficiency while also identifying problems well before construction begins. Security companies will use Al to improve video surveillance and threat detection, while many of our consumer companies will use it to improve throughput at a drive-through, better product design and inventory management. Practically every company in the world will look at this technology to see if it can improve how they operate and the experience they provide their customers. Those companies that do not, risk potentially being disrupted by the ones that do, virtually ensuring a wave of investment in the space that will last well beyond just this year.

What's next? Al to the edge

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While most of our outlook here is dominated by AI, we only highlight it as it's moving quickly. In the medium term, we believe we are at the beginning of a sustained favourable period for growth investing. While AI is dominating the headlines right now, we do expect the economic recovery to begin later in 2024, and we expect to broaden our portfolio as the year goes on. We anticipate innovations in healthcare, efforts to decarbonise the planet and changes in consumer preferences will continue to fuel structural earnings growth independent of the adoption of AI. We see this as an opportunity to lean into our process, identify the areas of structural growth, identify the winners across large and small caps and set our funds up for strong returns in the years ahead.





AREA OF INTEREST: **High Performance Computing** MARKET CAP: **USD \$2.3 tn**

Nvidia added 571 bps to Fund performance for the quarter.

Nvidia continued its strong run of performance for the Fund in the March quarter as the key beneficiary of the adoption of generative Al. Performance was driven by another set of exceptional results in February and the company's developer conference GTC in March. Both the results and the event pointed to continued broad adoption of Nvidia's products across all industries, while also highlighting the substantial leadership that the company enjoys in the space versus its competitors. To put this in perspective, Nvidia now looks on track to sell over \$100bn in data centre accelerators, or GPU's, this year to cloud service providers, enterprises and sovereign buyers. The next closest competitor, AMD, will sell less than \$5bn. Competition is clearly coming to the space, but Nvidia has a huge lead, and with practically every company in the world looking to adopt this technology to improve the way they operate and the experience they provide their customers, it's hard to see why they would risk using an inferior product.

So, how did Nvidia find itself in such a dominant position? Nvidia was founded in 1993 as a fabless semiconductor firm designing graphics accelerator chips for PCs. The initial market opportunity they identified was in gaming, where traditional central processing units (CPUs) dominated the market. These chips were designed to execute math-intensive commands one-at-a-time, which created inefficiencies when rendering video experiences in real time, resulting in slower speeds for certain compute-intensive applications. This led Nvidia to take a different path from the rest of the industry and develop the GeForce 256 graphics processing unit (GPU), a dedicated chip with substantially more cores that allowed these commands to be performed in parallel, resulting in faster execution of complex workloads. In 2006, Nvidia added software to all their chips called CUDA, which has since evolved into a parallel computing platform and programming model used by developers to accelerate their applications by harnessing Nvidia's GPUs. Over the years, new uses for parallel processing have emerged as Nvidia's chips have become more powerful and the software more usable. Eventually moving off PC's and into the data centre to power AI recommendation engines like the Facebook algorithms that control your news feed or ecommerce algorithms that tell you what you might want to buy next. These improved algorithms became the beginning of AI use cases, that sowed the seeds of an even larger opportunity. In August 2016, Jensen Huang, CEO and Co-Founder of Nvidia donated the first DGX-1 supercomputer to a technology start up called OpenAI "in support of democratising AI technology" (see picture below). Six years of intense computer training later, OpenAl launched ChatGPT in November 2022, bringing to life the real use cases of generative AI, forcing every enterprise in the world to evaluate the generational opportunity this technology presents for their industry.

Jensen Huang delivers the first DGX super computer to Open AI in 2016.

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This has led to the insurmountable demand for Nvidia's AI systems over the last year, as generative AI begins to proliferate through everything we do in our lives. Nvidia is now rapidly becoming the hardware and software platform for generative AI. From here, the question is not who can catch Nvidia, but how big AI will be. Today, Nvidia trades at the same 30x earnings multiple it traded on when we first invested back in 2019. Since then, its net income has risen 15-fold from \$4bn to \$60bn projected for this year. Looking ahead, we still see growth ahead as more and more industries adopt this technology to drive the next industrial revolution.

munropartners.com.au page 6





AREA OF INTEREST: Climate MARKET CAP: USD \$58.3 bn

Constellation Energy added 478 bps to Fund performance for the quarter.

Constellation Energy (CEG) was spun-out of Exelon Energy in January 2022 and is an independent power producer that own and operates the largest nuclear fleet in the US, holding over 55% of the nation's unregulated capacity. With plants stretching from the Midwest across to New York, CEG provides >180TWh of carbon-free electricity to Americans each year, which amounts to -120mn metric tons of CO2 avoided annually.

At their recent earnings release, CEG initiated 2024 EPS guidance which was 26% ahead of expectations. Management provided lots of helpful insights, breaking the guidance down into 'base earnings' (assuming that they receive the nuclear production tax credit (PTC) floor value of \$43.75/MWh on their nuclear generation) and 'enhanced earnings' (driven by higher power prices, retail margins and volatile power markets). They also outlined expectations for these base earnings to grow at 10% per year, as a function of inflation adjustments to the nuclear PTCs and continued strong operating performance. This has since led to a greater investor appreciation for the underlying earnings power and resilience of the base business, in a power industry that is typically deemed cyclical, and the stock has since rerated to reflect a new earnings profile.

We also see considerable long-term upside to the 'enhanced earnings' component of CEG's guidance stemming from their unique ability to sign long-term contracts with data centre customers to provide carbon-free, baseload generation. During the quarter, a smaller US nuclear generator company, signed a contract with Amazon to repurpose their Susquehanna plant to solely power a new 960MW data centre, highlighting the attractiveness of nuclear power's characteristics. Rough maths implies that Amazon is paying a \$30/MWh premium to the nuclear PTC floor (67% uplift), substantially higher than historical retail margins of \$3.50/MWh. This dramatic step-up is due to the scarcity of nuclear power, with ~40GW in the US, and only 24GW well-suited for data centre usage (of which we estimate CEG own more than 60%). We expect CEG to follow suit with a considerable portion of its dual unit nuclear capacity, driving companywide retail margins higher, which has a very strong flow-through to earnings. Ultimately, we can see a path to CEG's earnings tripling over the next 6 years.



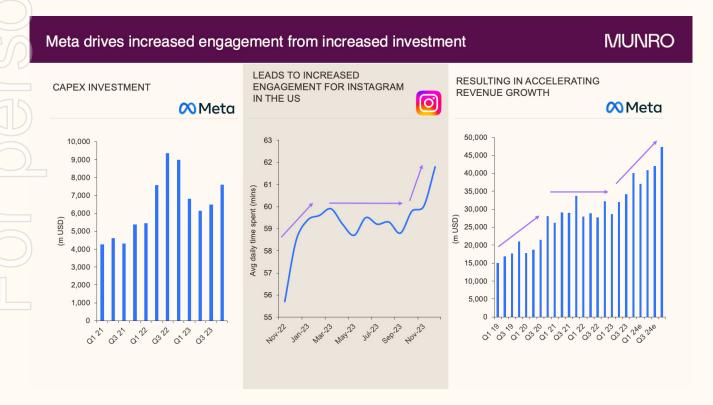


AREA OF INTEREST: Digital Media & Content MARKET CAP: USD \$1.2 tn

Meta contributed 128 bps to performance for the March quarter after having returned to the portfolio in 2023. Meta delivered a strong Q4 result during the first quarter, leading to a 20% stock price move on the day, and perhaps the best example of AI at work we saw in the results season.

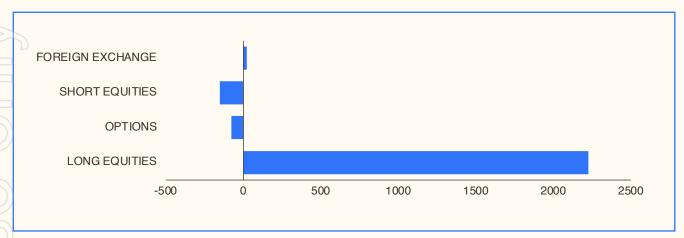
In 2022, Meta was impacted by several revenue headwinds, including more stringent regulation of consumer data as well as internal limitations on their ability to continue to generate a superior return for their advertiser customers, given technology constraints. Meta's revenues declined year-on-year in 2022, having grown at an almost 29% CAGR in the previous 3 years. Through this difficult period for the company, user growth and engagement began to stagnate. To solve this problem, we estimate the company has spent approximately USD 12.5 billion on Nvidia GPUs to improve its recommendation engine, which is now being used on their short-form video product, Reels. By investing in the best technological capabilities via capital expenditure, the company could re-accelerate engagement with the platform and thus generate revenues from advertisers who are attracted by the increased time spent on the platform (see below). This surprised the broader market with the company's Q4 2023 result, where the guidance provided was for a continuation of the mid-20% growth rate in revenues. Meta had seemingly solved its engagement problem with better recommendation algorithms powered by Nvidia GPU's. Those with teenage children or users of social platforms will have witnessed this transformation firsthand as time spent on Instagram continues to increase.

We believe the company can continue to grow its earnings given this advancement in its technological capability, and in our view, it is direct evidence of the merit of acquiring high-end computing power from Nvidia. As Reels continues to grow, we believe advertisers can earn a superior return on spend with Meta, supporting the earnings growth over the medium term. In our view, Reality Labs, (the company's business line focused on machine learning and virtual reality), has the potential to provide upside optionality by management either reducing cost associated with this division or continuing to invest for a return of increased revenue growth. We continue to like the earnings runway for the company and believe it is attractively valued on only ~24x blended forward 12 months earnings estimates.

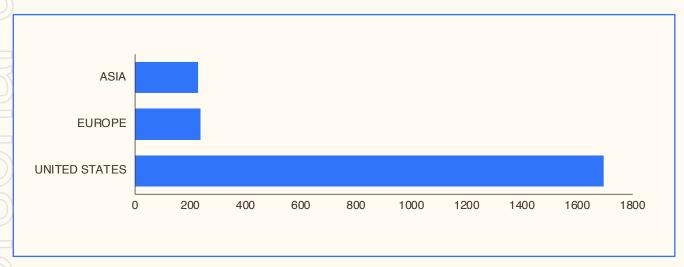


Source: Industry research 31 Jan 2024, Munro Partners estimates, Meta company filings

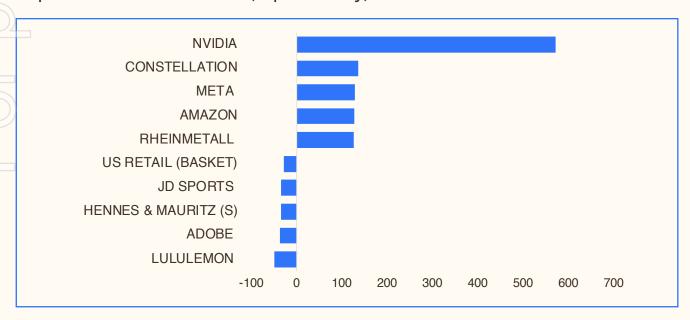
Security type



Region (equities only)



Top & bottom contributors (equities only)



QUARTER END EXPOSURE

Category

GROSS	128%
LONG	112%
SHORT	16%
NET	96%
DELTA ADJUSTED NET	96%
CURRENCY HEDGE (AUD)	42%

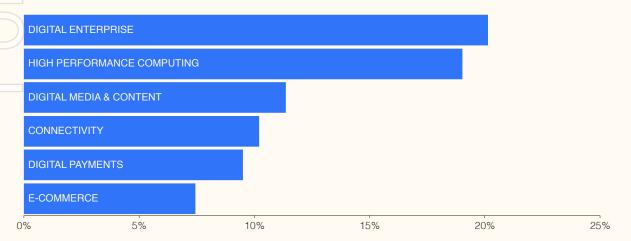
TOTAL POSITIONS	45
LONG POSITIONS	37
SHORT POSITIONS	8

GROSS			128%
LONG			112%
SHORT			16%
NET			96%
DELTA ADJUSTED NE	Т		96%
CURRENCY HEDGE (A	AUD)		42%
Region			
CURRENCY REGION	GROSS EXP	NET EXP	CURRENCY EXP
AUSTRALIA	0.0%	0.0%	41.8%
UNITED STATES	103.0%	77.5%	58.2%
EURO	8.6%	8.6%	-0.1%
NETHERLANDS	4.0%	4.0%	
GERMANY	2.3%	2.3%	
FRANCE	2.3%	2.3%	
SWEDEN	1.9%	-1.9%	0.0%
DENMARK	2.2%	2.2%	0.0%
UNITED KINGDOM	2.6%	2.6%	0.0%
TAIWAN	5.1%	5.1%	0.0%
HONG KONG	1.5%	-1.5%	0.0%
SOUTH KOREA	3.6%	3.6%	0.0%
TOTAL	128.4%	96.3%	100.0%
DELTA ADJUSTED EXPOSURE	128.4%	96.3%	
)]			

Holdings

TOP 10 HOLDINGS	
NVIDIA	10.8%
MICROSOFT	7.8%
AMAZON	7.4%
CONSTELLATION ENERGY	5.5%
TSMC	5.1%
META	4.9%
SERVICENOW	4.2%
VISA	3.8%
SK HYNIX	3.6%
SYNOPSYS	3.5%

Top 6 Areas of Interest (AOI)



Net Performance - MGGF

					3	MTHS	6MTHS	1YR	3YRS (P.A.)	5YRS (P.A)	7YRS (P.A.)	INCEPT (P.A.)	INCEPT CUM.
MUNRO GLOBAL GROWTH FUND (AUD)						20.2%	31.4%	36.6%	7.5%	13.2%	13.5%	13.2%	157.9%
								INCEF	TION:1AU	GUST 2016			
	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOTAL
2017FY		1.2%	1.1%	-3.3%	2.2%	0.9%	1.9%	0.0%	2.1%	3.5%	4.2%	-1.3%	12.9%
2018FY	1.9%	3.2%	1.7%	6.7%	1.1%	-2.5%	6.0%	0.1%	-2.5%	0.0%	2.8%	1.1%	21.0%
2019FY	-0.4%	5.1%	0.9%	-5.4%	-3.1%	-1.4%	2.1%	3.1%	1.2%	3.3%	-4.1%	2.4%	3.1%
2020FY	0.9%	-0.6%	-1.4%	-0.3%	4.6%	0.7%	5.6%	0.6%	1.3%	4.1%	3.9%	2.1%	23.6%
2021FY	6.1%	4.7%	-0.8%	2.2%	2.7%	2.2%	1.5%	0.9%	-1.4%	2.7%	-3.5%	4.9%	24.2%
2022FY	3.9%	3.8%	-4.2%	2.0%	2.7%	-1.7%	-8.3%	-3.2%	-1.1%	-4.7%	-2.1%	-1.2%	-13.9%
2023FY	3.3%	-1.9%	1.3%	0.9%	1.1%	-5.1%	-0.3%	-2.1%	4.6%	0.8%	4.6%	1.6%	8.7%
2024FY	0.6%	1.4%	-4.9%	0.2%	6.8%	2.2%	6.1%	11.0%	2.1%				27.5%

Net Performance - MAET.ASX

(10)								3MTHS	6MTHS	1YR	3YRS (P.A.)	INCEPT (P.A.)	INCEPT CUM.
MAET.AS	X (AUD)							20.2%	31.3%	36.6%	7.6%	8.7%	32.8%
										IN	ICEPTIO	N: 2 NOVE	MBER 2020
	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	TOTAL
2021FY					3.4%	2.2%	1.6%	1.0%	-1.5%	2.8%	-3.6%	5.1%	11.2%
2022FY	4.1%	3.8%	-4.1%	2.0%	2.7%	-1.7%	-8.3%	-3.2%	-1.1%	-4.7%	-2.1%	-1.2%	-13.7%
2023FY	3.3%	-1.9%	1.3%	0.9%	1.1%	-5.1%	-0.3%	-2.2%	4.6%	0.8%	4.6%	1.6%	8.6%
2024FY	0.6%	1.4%	-4.9%	0.2%	6.8%	2.2%	6.1%	11.0%	2.1%				27.5%

Differences in performance between the Munro Global Growth Fund and MAET.ASX (ASX quoted fund) may be due to cashflow movements, the buy/sell spread of the iNAV for MAET.ASX, the timing difference between the issuing of units during the day on the ASX for MAET.ASX and the purchase of units in the Munro Global Growth Fund at the end of the day. This may result in variances in performance.

Important information: Past performance is provided for illustrative purposes only and is not a guide to future performance. Data is as at 31 March 2024 unless otherwise specified. The inception date of the Munro Global Growth Fund (MGGF) is 1 August 2016. MAET invests in MGGF and cash, the inception date of MAET is 2 November 2020. Returns of the Funds are net of management costs and assumes distributions have been reinvested. References marked * relate to the MGGF. Numbers may not sum due to rounding or compounding returns. BPS refers to Basis Points. Aol refers to Area of Interest. EM refers to Emerging Markets (including China). GSFM Responsible Entity Services Limited ABN 48 129 256 104 AFSL 321517 (GRES) is the responsible entity of the Munro Global Growth Fund ARSN 612 854 547 APIR MUJA0002AU and the Munro Global Growth Fund (Hedge Fund) (MAET), collectively the Funds. GRES is the issuer of this information. This information has been prepared without taking account of the objectives, financial situation or needs of individuals. Before making an investment decision in relation to the Funds, investors should consider the appropriateness of this information, having regard to their own objectives, financial situation and needs and read and consider the Target Market Determination (TMD) and the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) for the relevant Fund. The MGGF PDS is dated 30 September 2022 and the MAET.ASX PDS is dated 39 September 2022 and the MAET.ASX Fund. The TMD sets out the class of persons who comprise the target market for the Funds and is available at www.gsfm.com.au. None of GRES, Munro Partners, their related bodies or associates nor any other person guarantees the repayment of capital or the performance of the Funds or any particular returns from the Funds. No representation or warranty is made concerning the accuracy of any data contained in this document. This document is issued on 12 April 2024.